

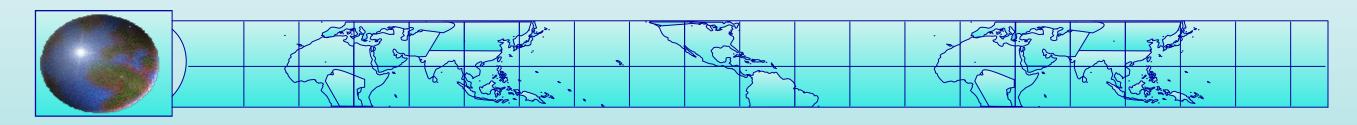


EEO Processes MCB Butler Civilian Human Resources Equal Employment Opportunity Office

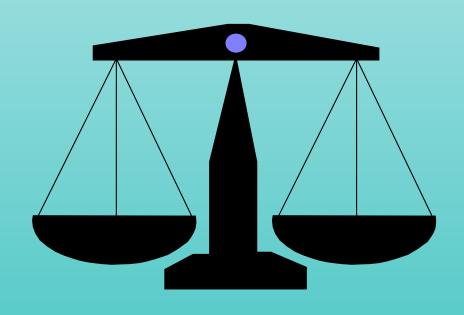


INDIVIDUAL DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT PROCESSING PROCEDURES UNDER 29 CFR 1614





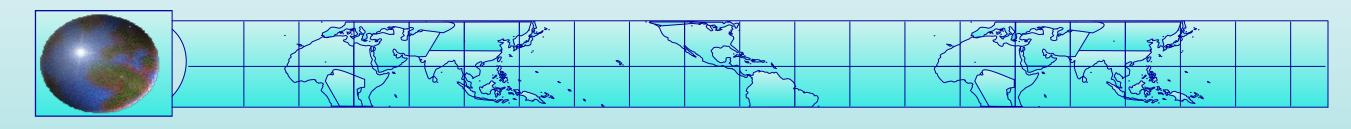
DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT PROCESSING PROCEDURES



TRAINING
OBJECTIVE

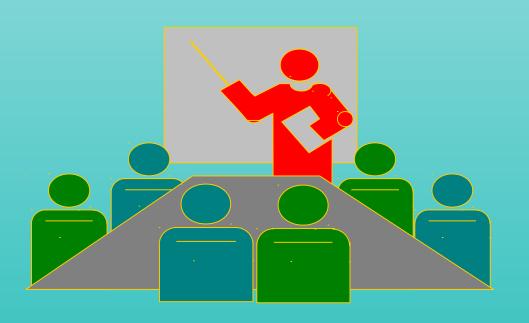
LAWS

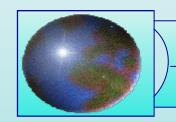
RESOURCES



TRAINING OBJECTIVE

To provide employees with an understanding of the complaint processing procedures and how to file a complaint of discrimination.

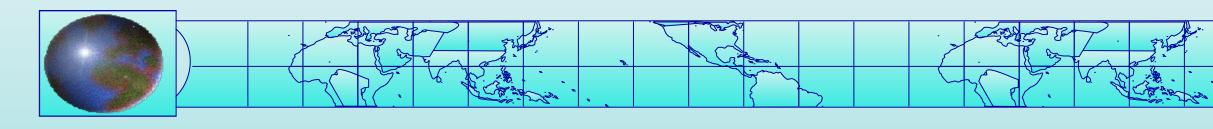




APPLICABLE LAWS

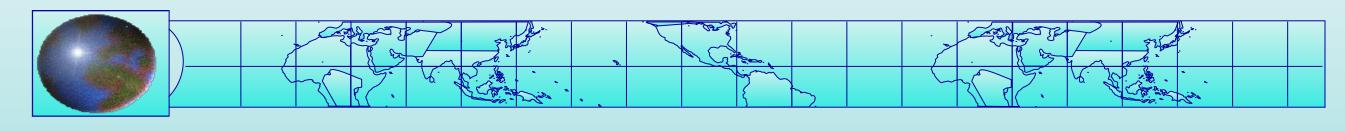


- Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, or Title VII prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin.
- Rehabilitation Act of 1973, amended requires Federal agencies to provide reasonable accommodation to qualified employees and applicants with disabilities, unless to do so would cause undue hardship on the agency.



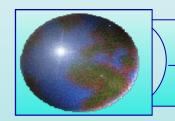
APPLICABLE LAWS

- Age Discrimination in Employment Act prohibits discrimination against individuals who are 40 years of age or older.
- Equal Pay Act prohibits gender discrimination in payment of wages for work requiring equal skills, effort and responsibility and performed under similar working conditions.
- Each act also prohibits retaliation for participation in the Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) process and opposition of discriminatory practices.



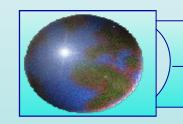
<u>Contact</u> - Individuals wishing to file an EEO complaint under 29 CFR 1614 must consult with an EEO counselor within **45 calendar days** of the incident or, in the case of a personnel action, within **45 calendar days** of the effective date of the action.



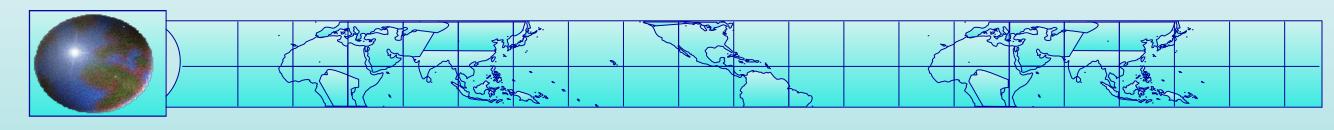




Counseling - The EEO counselor has 30 calendar days from the date the Complainant's rights are discussed to counsel the Complainant unless alternative dispute resolution is used. Then the informal process will be extended for a period of up to 90 days. If the Complainant is not satisfied with the resolution or resolution has not been reached during the informal process, the EEO counselor shall provide the Complainant a final interview which shall include notifying the Complainant, in writing, of the right to file a formal complaint of discrimination.



Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA) -Employees with claims of discrimination under the ADEA may proceed directly to the Federal Court. The only requirement before proceeding to Court is that the employee must give the EEOC at least 30 days' notice of intent to file a complaint in the U.S. District Court. This notice must be given within 180 days of the alleged discriminatory action or practice. Employees may file an informal complaint; however, the employee must exhaust the administrative remedies.



The notification, either called a Notice of Final Interview or Notice of Right to File, will contain a formal complaint form for the Complainant to fill out if he/she chooses to pursue his/her complaint.

Formal complaints must be filed within 15 calendar

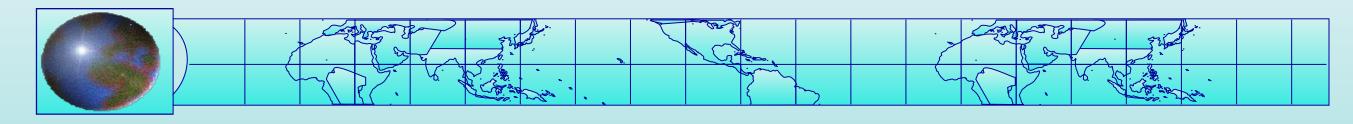
days of receipt of the EEO counselor.

provided by the

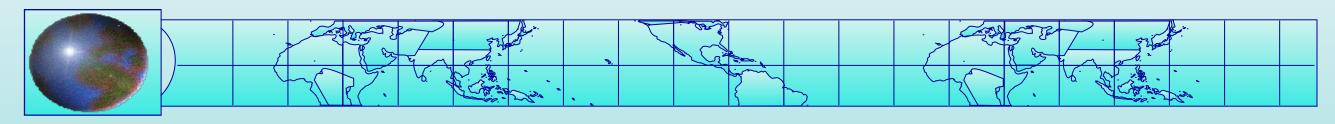


<u>Filing</u> - The formal complaint of discrimination must include information about the claims counseled and must be sufficiently precise to identify the actions or practices that form the basis(es) of the complaint. Complainants may amend a complaint with issues or claims "like or related" to the original complaint prior to conclusion of the investigation, or, after requesting a hearing, add issues or claims by filing a motion to amend the complaint with the Administrative Judge assigned to conduct the hearing.



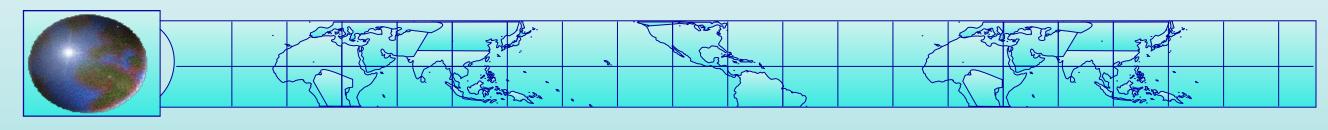


Amendment - When amendments are made after a formal complaint has been filed, the EEO counselor provides a written report to the Complainant which includes a description of the claim(s) and basis(es) that were presented by the Complainant during the precomplaint counseling process, pertinent documents gathered and any resolution attempts.



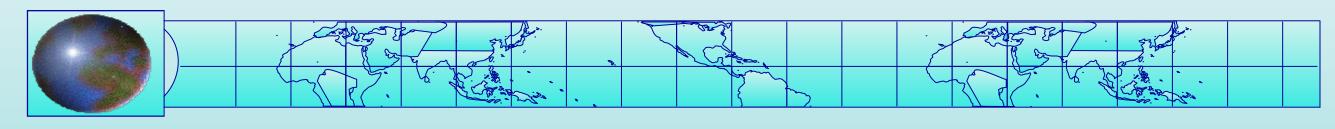
<u>Acceptance/Dismissal</u>. The EEO Officer will either accept or dismiss the formal complaint.

Acceptance and Investigation. If the complaint is accepted, arrangements will be made for an investigator from outside of the activity to conduct the investigation. The investigator is responsible for developing an impartial and appropriate factual record upon which findings on the claims raised in the complaint can be made. The investigation must be completed within 180 calendar days of the filing of the formal complaint.



If the investigation is not completed within 180 days, the Complainant may request an Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) hearing before an Administrative Judge or file a civil action in Federal District Court. Once the investigation is completed, the Complainant will receive a copy of the report of investigation and be notified of his/her right to request a hearing. If no hearing is requested, after 30 calendar days, the complaint will be forwarded to the Department of the Navy for a final agency decision.





Procedural Dismissal & Appeal Rights.

If the complaint is dismissed, the Complainant will be notified, in writing, of the reasons for the dismissal. Agencies may dismiss a complaint up to the time that the Complainant requests a hearing.

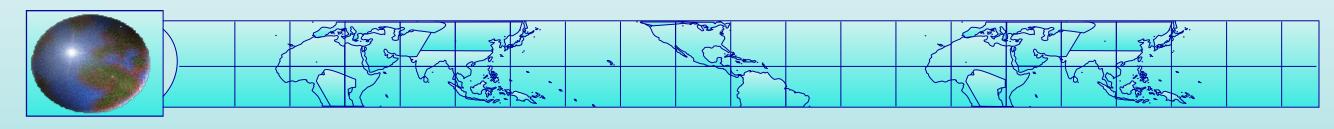




Partial dismissals.

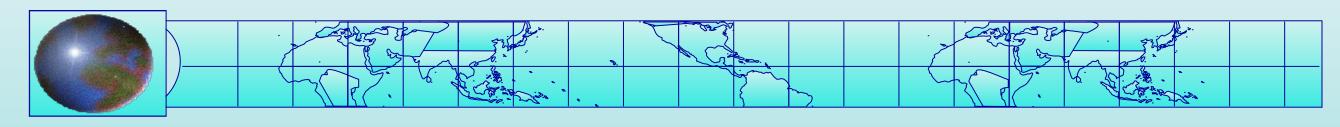
If a portion of the complaint (some but not all of the claims addressed in the complaint) is dismissed, the Complainant has no immediate right to appeal the dismissed claims. If a hearing is requested, an Administrative Judge will review the dismissed claims. A Complainant may appeal the dismissed claims only after a final action has been taken by the agency on the remainder of the complaint.



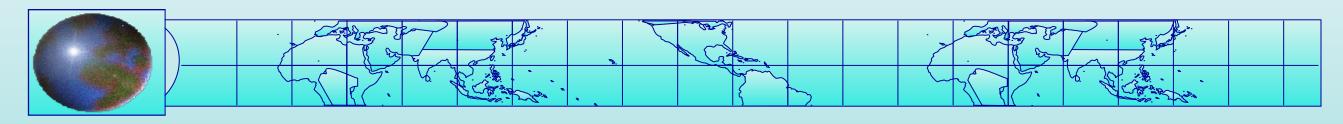


Dismissal of complaint.

If the entire complaint is dismissed, and the Complainant is not satisfied with the reasons given, within **30 calendar days** of receipt of the dismissal he/she may appeal the dismissal to EEOC. The Complainant will be provided appeal rights and an appeal form along with the dismissal letter.

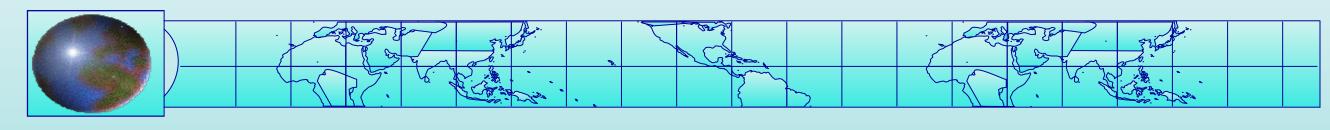


<u>Hearing</u>. Within **30 calendar days** of receipt of the investigative file, the Complainant may request a hearing before an EEOC Administrative Judge (AJ). The Complainant must submit the request in writing to the appropriate EEOC office having jurisdiction over the geographic area where the complaint arose. The AJ becomes responsible for the adjudication of the complaint during the hearing stage. The AJ shall issue a decision on the complaint, and shall order appropriate remedies and relief where discrimination is found. The decision is then forwarded to the Department of the Navy for final action.



Final Action

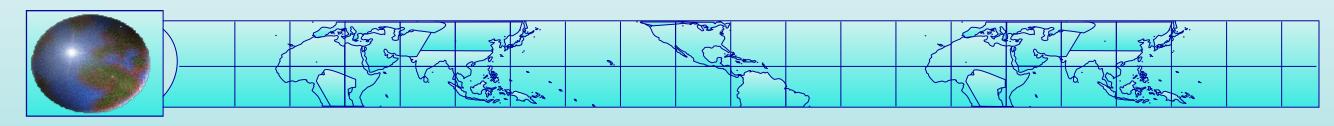
There are two types of final actions which can be done by the agency - Department of the Navy (DON): a final order after a hearing has been held, or a final agency decision when no hearing is held.



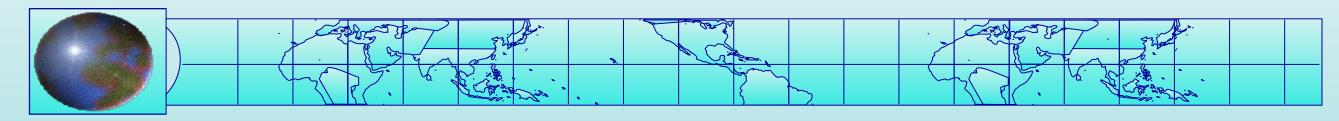
1. Final Order by the Agency. When a hearing has been held, the DON must issue a final order within 40 calendar days of the date it receives the AJ's decision. The final order states whether DON will fully implement (without modification) the AJ's decision. If the DON chooses not to implement the AJ's decision in it's entirety, the DON shall issue a final order and file an appeal with the EEOC simultaneously. If the DON does not issue a final order within 40 calendar days, the AJ's decision become final action of the agency. The Complainant will re //her right to appeal to the EEOC or file a civil action in Federal Distinct Council.



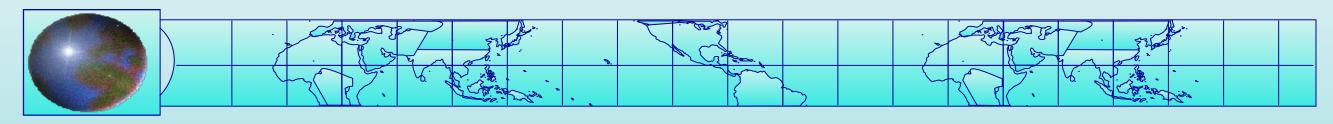
2. Final Agency Decision. If a Complainant requests an immediate final agency decision without a hearing, or if a hearing request is not received from the Complainant, the complaint will be forwarded to the DON for a final agency decision. Final agency decisions must be issued within 60 calendar days of receipt of the Complainant's request for a decision without a hearing, or if no response was received from the Complainant within 60 calendar days of the 30-day period for the Complainant to request a hearing, or an immediate final decision without a hearing. When an agency dismisses a complaint in its entirety under 29 CFR 1614.107, this is also considered a final agency decision. Like a final order, a final agency decision will also contain the Compannant's right to



• Appeals. Complainants who do not agree with the dismissal of their complaint under 29 CFR 1614.107, the final order or final agency decision of the DON, and wish to file an appeal with the EEOC, must do so within 30 calendar days of receipt of the dismissal, final order or final agency decision. Appeal rights, forms and the appropriate address for filing the appeal will be provided to the Complainant at the time of dismissal, final order or final agency decision.

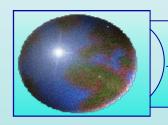


- Civil Actions. Complainants who filed a complaint under Title VII, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, or the Rehabilitation Act are authorized to file a civil action in an appropriate United States District Court:
 - (1) within **90 calendar days** of the receipt of the final agency decision if no appeal has been filed; or
 - (2) within **180 calendar days** from the date the complainant filed a formal complaint if an appeal has not been filed and final action has not been taken; or
 - (3) within **90 calendar days** of the receipt of the EEOC decision on appeal; or
 - (4) after **180 days** from the date of filing an appeal with the EEOC if no EEOC decision on the appeal has been issued.



QUIZ COMPLAINT PROCESSING

TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE



The Laws enforced by the EEOC prohibit discrimination on the bases of race, color, religion, sex, age, disability and ...

- a. Marital status
- b. None of these
- c. Income

d(Answeronch National origin)



Quiz # 2

Which of the following is or are required of an EEO Counselor during the pre-complaint phase of the EEO process?

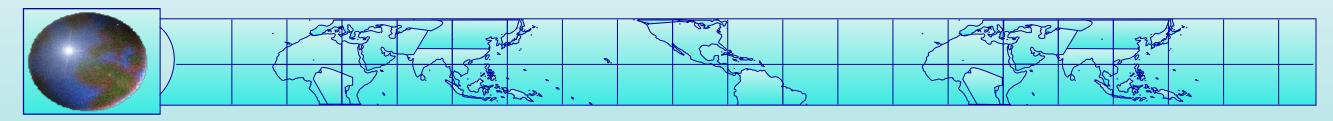
- a. Informing the aggrieved person of his or her right to request a hearing.
- b. Identifying the applicable administrative and court time frames.



INFORMAL/PRE-COMPLAINT PROCESSING Quiz # 2 (Continued)

- c. Informing the aggrieved person of his or her duty to keep the agency and the commission informed of his or her current address.
- d. Informing the aggrieved person of the fact that only the claims raised during counseling or issues or claims that are like or related to those raised during counseling may be raised in a formal complaint to the agency.
- e. All the above.

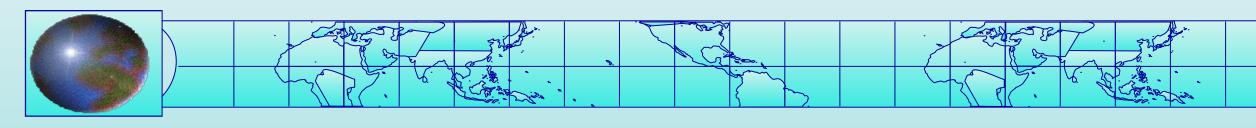
(Answer: e. All the above)



FORMAL COMPLAINT Quiz # 3



- What are the steps in the EEO process?
 - a. Seek counseling with an EEO Counselor.
 - b. Contact must be made within 45 calendar days of the alleged incident.
 - c. The EEO Counselor has 30 calendar days to provide advice on the EEO process, conduct a limited inquiry into the allegations, and seek to resolve the matter at the lowest level.

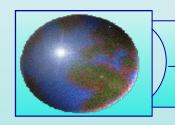


FORMAL COMPLAINT Quiz # 3 (Continued)

- d. May elect to extend counseling up to 60 calendar days if the issues are not resolved within 30 calendar days.
- e. The EEO Counselor gives the individual a notice of right to file a formal EEO complaint.
- f. All the above.

(Answer: f. All the above)





FORMAL COMPLAINT Quiz # 4

Within how many days must a complaint be filed after the complainant or his/her attorney receives the notice of right to file a complaint?

a. 15 days

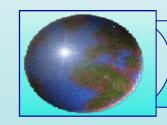
b. 30 days

c. 21 days

(Answer: a. 15

days)





RESOURCES





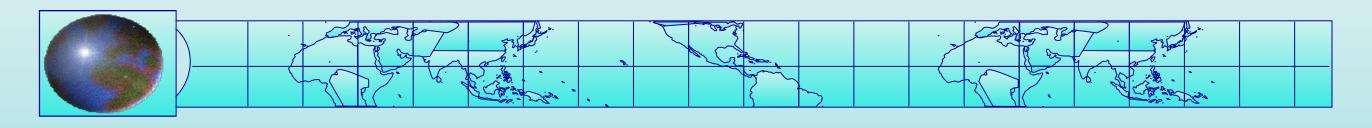
U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

*Voice: 1-800-669-3362

TTY: 1-800-800-3302



(http://www.eeoc.gov)



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DISCRIMINATION COM